

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS

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1. A character recognition method for carrying out a character recognition using a cross section sequence graph which describes features of a character image, comprising the steps of:

10 (a) extracting the cross section sequence graph from a character string image;

(b) analyzing a singular region of the cross section sequence graph and generating a virtual boundary point sequence in the singular region based on an
15 analyzed result;

(c) generating character candidates by combining structural elements of the cross section sequence graph and recognizing one character by supplying the virtual boundary point sequence with respect to the generated
20 character candidates if necessary; and

(d) recognizing a character string based on an adjacency relationship of the character candidates which are recognized as one character in said step (c).

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2. The character recognition method as
claimed in claim 1, wherein the singular region in which
5 the virtual boundary point sequence is generated
includes a region where character string is closely
adjacent or in contact.

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3. The character recognition method as
claimed in claim 1, further comprising the step of:

(e) determining a generating position of the
15 virtual boundary point sequence based on the singular
region and a connecting sequence and positions of cross
section sequences connecting to the singular region.

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4. The character recognition method as
claimed in claim 1, wherein said step (b) refers to a
direction of the character string when generating the
25 virtual boundary point sequence and generating no

virtual boundary point sequence between cross section sequences not corresponding to the direction of the character string.

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5. The character recognition method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said step (b) generates the virtual boundary point sequence using a predetermined curve generating method.

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6. The character recognition method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising the step of:

(e) dividing the structural elements into first and second layers and managing the first and second layers by tags.

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7. The character recognition method as

claimed in claim 6, wherein the first layer of the structural elements include the cross section sequences and the singular region, and said step (e) manages the cross section sequences by a first tag and manages the singular region by a second tag.

10 8. The character recognition method as claimed in claim 7, wherein the second layer of the structural elements include boundary point sequences, and said step (e) manages the boundary point sequences by a third tag.

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 9. The character recognition method as claimed in claim 8, wherein said step (e) manages a blank region between characters of the character string by a fourth tag.

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10. The character recognition method as claimed in claim 9, wherein said step (c) generates the character candidates by combining the first, second,
5 third and fourth tags, and said step (e) manages the generated character candidates by a fifth tag.

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11. The character recognition method as claimed in claim 10, wherein said step (c) eliminates an overlap of tags when combining the first, second and third tags, by using either one of the tag of the first
15 layer and the tag of the second layer, with respect to identical structural elements.

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12. The character recognition method as claimed in claim 10, wherein said step (d) recognizes the character string by generating links among fifth tags, generating paths among generated links, and
25 selecting an optimum path of the generated paths.

5 13. A computer-readable storage medium which
stores a program for causing a computer to carry out a
character recognition, said program comprising:

 means for causing the computer to extract from a
character string image, cross section sequences and a
10 singular region of a first layer of a cross section
sequence graph, and boundary point sequence of a second
layer of the cross section sequence graph;

 means for causing the computer to generate
character candidates by combining the cross section
15 sequences, the singular region and the boundary point
sequences;

 means for causing the computer to recognize one
character with respect to the generated character
candidates; and

20 means for causing the computer to recognizing a
character string based on an adjacency relationship of
the character candidates which are recognized as one
character.

14. The computer-readable storage medium as claimed in claim 13, wherein the program further

5 comprises:

means for causing the computer to analyze the singular region and generating a virtual boundary point sequence in the singular region based on an analyzed result of the singular region; and

10 means for causing the computer to convert the character candidates made up of the cross section sequences and the singular region into boundary point sequences by supplying the virtual boundary point sequence if necessary when recognizing one character.

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15. The computer-readable storage medium as claimed in claim 14, wherein the program further comprises:

means for generating a first tag for managing the cross section sequences, a second tag for managing the singular region, a third tag for managing the boundary point sequences, and a fourth tag for managing a blank

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within the character string.

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16. The computer-readable storage medium as claimed in claim 15, wherein the program further comprises:

means for causing the computer to generating a
10 fifth tag for managing character candidates which are generated by combining the first, second, third and fourth tags.

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17. The computer-readable storage medium as claimed in claim 16, wherein the program further comprises:

20 means for causing the computer to managing the first, second, third and fifth tags by identical logic structures.

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18. A computer-readable storage medium which stores a program for causing a computer to carry out a character recognition using a cross section sequence graph which describes features of a character image,
5 said program comprising the steps of:

(a) causing the computer to extract the cross section sequence graph from a character string image;

(b) causing the computer to analyze a singular
10 region of the cross section sequence graph and generating a virtual boundary point sequence in the singular region based on an analyzed result;

(c) causing the computer to generate character candidates by combining structural elements of the cross
15 section sequence graph and recognize one character by supplying the virtual boundary point sequence with respect to the generated character candidates if necessary; and

(d) causing the computer to recognize a character
20 string based on an adjacency relationship of the character candidates which are recognized as one character in said step (c).

19. A character recognition apparatus for carrying out a character recognition using a cross section sequence graph which describes features of a character image, comprising:

an extracting unit extracting the cross section sequence graph from a character string image;

an analyzing unit analyzing a singular region of the cross section sequence graph and generating a virtual boundary point sequence in the singular region based on an analyzed result;

a generating unit generating character candidates by combining structural elements of the cross section sequence graph and recognizing one character by supplying the virtual boundary point sequence with respect to the generated character candidates if necessary; and

a recognizing unit recognizing a character string based on an adjacency relationship of the character candidates which are recognized as one character in said generating unit.